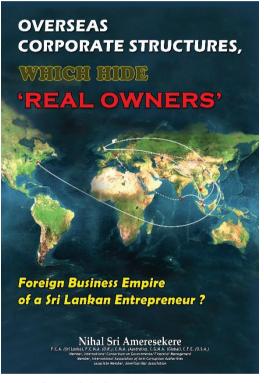
Synopsis of

OVERSEAS CORPORATE STRUCTURES,

WHICH HIDE 'REAL OWNERS'

Amazon Books: Overseas Corporate Structures, Which hide 'Real Owners' - Foreign Business Empire of a Sri Lankan Entrepreneur?



Size - 8.25" X 11" - Pages 570

As to how Overseas Corporate Structures hide real owners have been excellently disclosed based on informations, documents and evidence collected by the Author, with analytical deep incisive investigations; and as to how monies of persons in certain countries are hidden in certain other foreign countries hiding the name of the 'real owners' of such monies, has been well brought out in this Book.

This Book has been compiled by the Author concerning a well reputed business entrepreneur, namely, Upali Wijewardene of Sri Lanka, who is believed to have died as set out in the Book, and concerns his business assets in Sri Lanka and particularly the business assets that had spread over several foreign countries; with the Author having carried out extensive investigations thereinto, with facts and data obtained through such investigations, including getting confirmation of such facts and data from the trusted Lawyer in Singapore of Upali Wijewardene, namely, Ishwar

Nahappen, a Barrister of UK.

Paragraph 5(b) of the Joint-Petition of the two sisters of Upali Wijewardene, namely, Helena Anoja Devi Wijesundera and Anula Kalyani Devi Attygalle, filed in the Testamentary Case No. 31166/T in the District Court of Colombo, had contained the following averment, $vis-\grave{a}-vis$, the foreign business interests and/or foreign assets and/or foreign business transactions, allegedly of Upali Wijewardene;

"5 b) Legal and/or equitable interests in Kuril Anstalt (a Lichtenstein-based legal entity) through which the deceased owned and/or controlled most of his overseas assets, including 100% or majority shareholdings in various companies, including

Kuril Enterprises Limited, (incorporated in Hong Kong), Rex Limited, (Hong Kong), Lex Limited, (Hong Kong), Hyperion Investments Limited, (Hong Kong),
Upali International Ltd., (Hong Kong),
Upali (Singapore) Pte. Limited, (Singapore),
Upali (Thailand) Limited, (Thailand),
Kuril Trading Pte. Limited (Singapore),
Upali (Malaysia) Sdn. Berhad, (Malaysia),
Kuril Plantations Sdn. Berhad, (Malaysia),
Tenamaju Enterprises Sdn. Berhad, (Malaysia),
Giatjayu Sdn. Berhad, (Malaysia),
Grand Central Investment Holdings PLC. (UK), and
Upali (USA) Inc. (USA).

The deceased also directly and/or indirectly owned shares in

Nagolle (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantations Limited, (UK), The Yatiyantota (Ceylon) Rubber Company Limited, (UK), Grand Central (Ceylon) Rubber Estates Limited, (UK), Highland Tea Company of Ceylon Limited, (UK), Nagolle Holdings Limited, (UK), Richclan Limited, (UK), Grand Central Limited, (UK) Johnson and Barnes Limited, (UK), Johnson Harketing Limited, (UK), and Adams Peak Tea Estates Limited, (UK)"

The Reports on the investigations compiled by the Author into the foreign business assets, which had spread over several countries, with comprehensive data thereon, had been furnished to the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, and which Reports had been included in this Book, particularly to benefit those who are concerned and interested in this subject.

What had been disclosed by such investigations are physically visible Companies, with operations in Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand, United Kingdom, Unites States of America, with a complex of several non-transparent Companies centered in Hong Kong, which had been excellently exposed in this Book, and that the final *'real owner's'* identity had been hidden by way of an Administrator, based in Lichtenstein!

It is further disclosed that, when Upali Wijewardene's two sisters had claimed a part of the Estate of Upali Wijewardene, as their lawful inheritance, the Administrator in Lichtenstein, without disputing the truth of such business assets of Upali Wijewardene, had only required the Death Certificate of Upali Wijewardene or the Will of Upali Wijewardene with evidence of distribution of the assets of his Estate, without ever refuting that he was administering the foreign business assets of Upali Wijewardene, and without ever stating that they were not business assets of Upali Wijewardene. What is well and truly established by this is that the complexity of assets administered by him had been undisputedly the assets of Upali Wijewardene, and none other!



Upali Wijewardene had been a nephew of President J.R. Jayawardene, and whilst he was flying from Malaysia to Sri Lanka in his private Lear Jet Aircraft, the said Lear Jet Aircraft had gone missing after taking off from Malaysia on 13.2.1983 giving rise to a huge hue and cry. The investigations by experts on this had disclosed what were believed to be parts of the said Lear Jet Aircraft, and this Book has included excerpts from these Investigation Reports.

According to what has been disclosed by the Author, Upali Wijewardene had been returning to Sri Lanka to assume the Office of the Finance Minister of Sri Lanka immediately upon such return, and that such fact had been known only to a very few persons, and the Author had included detail Reports in this Book, as to how Upali Wijewardene had spent the previous night before returning to Sri Lanka.

The background to the compilation of the facts contained in this Book had been as a result of, that at the time Upali Wijewardene went missing as aforesaid, though married he did not have a child and he had also not left a Last Will for the distribution of the assets of his Estate; and thus in terms of the law his two surviving sisters, namely, Helena Anoja Devi Wijesundera and Anula Kalyani Devi Attygalle rightfully claimed 50% inheritance of the Estate and to receive 50% ownership thereof, which litigation finally came before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka to be adjudicated upon.

The Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, considering the facts and endeavouring to bring about a Settlement of the claims to his Estate, directed that an investigative Report on Upali Wijewardene's assets be prepared jointly by the Auditors of his Estate, together with the Author, who was the Professional Consultant to the two sisters of Upali Wijewardene, and to submit such Joint-Report to the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka.

JOINT - REPORT

BY

MR. KINGSLEY JAYALATH, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR OF THE ESTATE OF LATE MR. P.U. WIJEWARDENE

AND

MR. NIHAL SRI AMERESEKERE, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT CONSULTANT TO MRS. H.A.D. WIJESUNDERA & MRS. A.K. ATTYGALLE

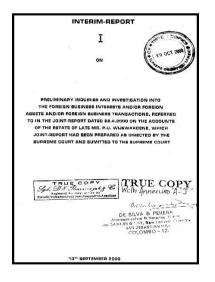
> ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE ESTATE OF LATE MR. P.U. WIJEWARDENE

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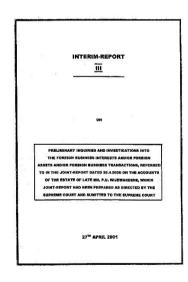
SUPREME COURT ORDER DATED 17.12.1999 IN S.C. (SPECIAL) LEAVE TO APPEAL NO. 38/99

26TH APRIL 2000

Accordingly, the Author had carried out further investigations into the foreign assets evidenced to be that of Upali Wijewardene, and had prepared and submitted 3 Reports thereon to the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, as had been required.







As per the findings of the above investigations, shocking details and data have been well disclosed by the Author in this Book, including evidence, as to how some of the above foreign assets have been sold by way of an Agreement signed by Upali Wijewardene's father-in-law, Dr. Sivali Ratwatte and his close business partner, R. Murugiah, witnessed by the aforesaid Lawyer in Singapore, namely, Ishwar Nahappan, a Barrister of Law of United Kingdom. Such fact is well and truly evidenced by the following signature part of the said Agreement.

10. General

(a) The Company has not delegated any powers under a power of attorney which remains in effect nor has it given any other authority (express implied or ostensible) which is still outstanding or effective to any person to enter into any contract or commitment or do anything on its behalf.

(b) So far as the Yendor is aware neither this Agreement not Completion will or is likely to cause the Company to lose the benefit of any right or privilege it presently enjoys.

Name de SH-RATNATTE

Title Attaney for Kurl KURIL ENTERPRISES LTD

Signed in the presence of James Eavolley Senevirator

PEACOGK (LONDON) LIMITED

Name Ishwar Nahappan

Name Ishwar Nahappan

Title Director

Somite presence of:

5. J. falls

25.02 Ocea Tollow

Sylva Sollir

Upali Wijewardene went missing on 13.2.1983, whilst his Power of Attorney had been granted to his trusted closest business partner R. Murugiah.

Immediately upon the above unfortunate Lear Jet Aircraft incident, Mr. R. Murugiah had used his Power of Attorney, even though it had been questionably void, to grant a substituted Power of Attorney by him to Upali Wijewardene's wife, namely, Lakmini Wijewardene.

Thereafter, Lakmini Wijewardene using the above substituted Power of Attorney, after Upali Wijewardene had gone missing as above, had transferred and/or sold some of his properties. This had been also done whilst she having made a declaration in Upali Wijewardene's Estate Duty Return stating that since 13.2.1983 there was no information or that Upali Wijewardene had not been seen or heard by anyone – *viz*:



මෙම පුකාශය සමබන්ධ සියළුම් ලිපි ගනුදෙනුවලදී මෙම අංකය සඳහන් කරන්න. ලියේසෝඩාමුණුණ බුණැර්යෑණේ පිණුරු පිණෙතුන් ඉශ්රීමාන ලැනෙනුව මුස්සණේ ලැබ්ටුවේ Places quote this number in every communication relating to this declaration.

බූදල් බද්ද—ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජය மரணச் சொந்துவரி—இலங்கைச் சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியரசு

1980 අය 13 දරන බුදල් බදු පතුතේ 24 වගන්තිය යටතේ කිරීමට නියම් කරනු ලබන දේපළ පිළිබඳ පුසාගය. 1980 ඇක 13 දරන බුදල් බදු පතුතේ 24 වගන්තිය යටතේ කිරීමට නියම් කරනු ලබන දේපළ පිළිබඳ පුසාගය. 1980 ඇක ඇත. 3 දුරු ලිබුණ පතුතේ මහණුකුණේ දේපළිබිණ 24 ඇති ජම්තිණ සිටු විදේපයටතුම් මහණුකුත් පණුම් ශියේස්කර් පුළු

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Furthermore, the questions arise, - when a person grants a Power of Attorney it is generally utilized at a time, when such person is overseas and with his knowledge, to place his signature on his behalf on a required document; hence without such notification to the Grantor of a Power of Attorney, as to whether the Power of Attorney can be used for any purpose, particularly by a substituted Power of Attorney to transfer assets to such person or benefit therefrom; - the validity and the legality of such matter is an issue to be considered by the legal fraternity.

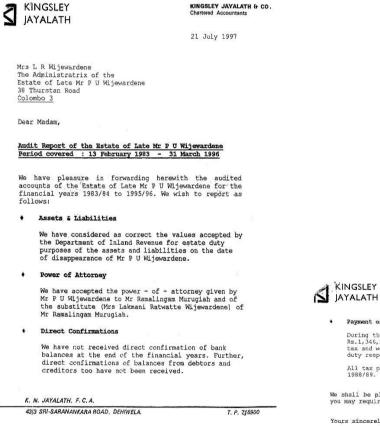
However, the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka determined that according to prevalent law it has to be presumed that Upali Wijewardene it deemed to have died on 13.2.1984, *one year* after he had gone missing on 13.2.1983.

The Supreme Court of Sri Lanka had determined as above according to Chief Justice Sarath N. Silva, with Justice Nihal Jaysinghe agreeing, but with Justice Shirani A Bandaranayake disagreeing and delivering a dissenting Judgment, taking into account that Upali Wijewardene, including 5 persons had travelled on Upali Wijewardene's private Lear Jet Aircraft, pointing out that it had been without having taken into account the facts disclosed in the Reports by investigation experts, thereby raising a valid issue in such regard.

Pointedly, at the very same time, the District Court of Gampaha, Sri Lanka, had made a Determination that Ananda Sarath Pelimuhandiram, one of the 5 persons in the Lear Jet Aircraft, had died on 13.2.1983, and had accordingly granted his Death Certificate. What is shockingly disclosed in this Book is that the above majority Determination by the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka is contradictory to the Determination made by the District Court of Gampaha, Sri Lanka, regarding the another person travelling on the same Lear Jet Aircraft!

Furthermore, what is even more questionable is that two persons, who had travelled in the same Aircraft, after such Aircraft had gone missing, without having been determined to have died on the same date, the Sri Lankan Courts shockingly and making a *mockery* had determined that the two persons had *died on two different dates - one year apart*!

What had been certified in the Audited Accounts of the Estate of Upali Wijewardene was that he had died on 13.2.1983, and thereafter his Estate Accounts had been certified and audited as that of late Upali Wijewardene. In such background, the transfers and acquiring of properties of Upali Wijewardene, using the above substituted Power of Attorney between the dates 13.2.1983 and 13.2.1984, without the knowledge of Upali Wijewardene, gave rise to question of validity of such transactions, and this Book brings out the *lopsided tragicomedy* of such matter—*viz*:



The following Charts disclose the manner in which the foreign business assets of Upali Wijewardene had been spread out over several countries, which had been nominally registered

During the period under consi aration Rs.11,930,452, Rs.1,346,231 and Rs. 1,401,00° were paid as income tax and wealth tax, capital any tax, and estate duty respectively.

All tax payments have been inalised upto Y/A 1988/89.

We shall be pleased to submit any other information that you may require in this regard.

Yours sincerely,

KINGSLEY JAYALATH & CO. Chartered Accountants

K. N. JAYALATH. F. C. A.

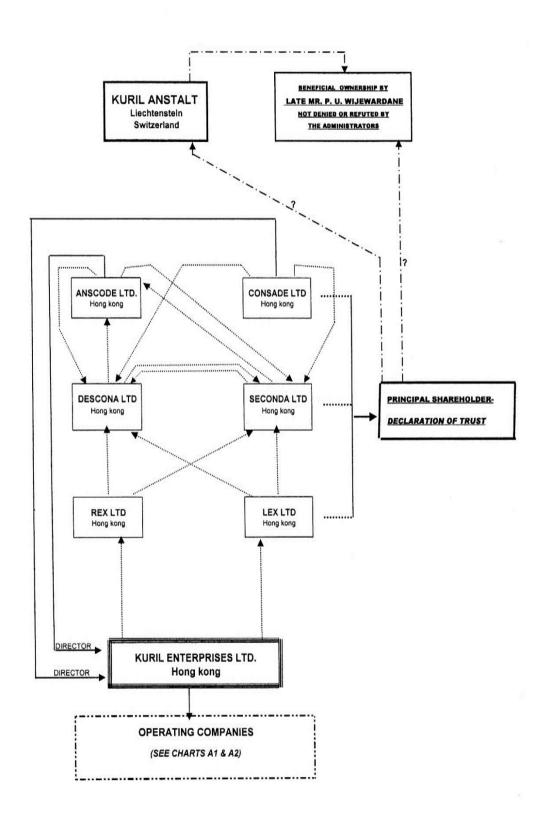
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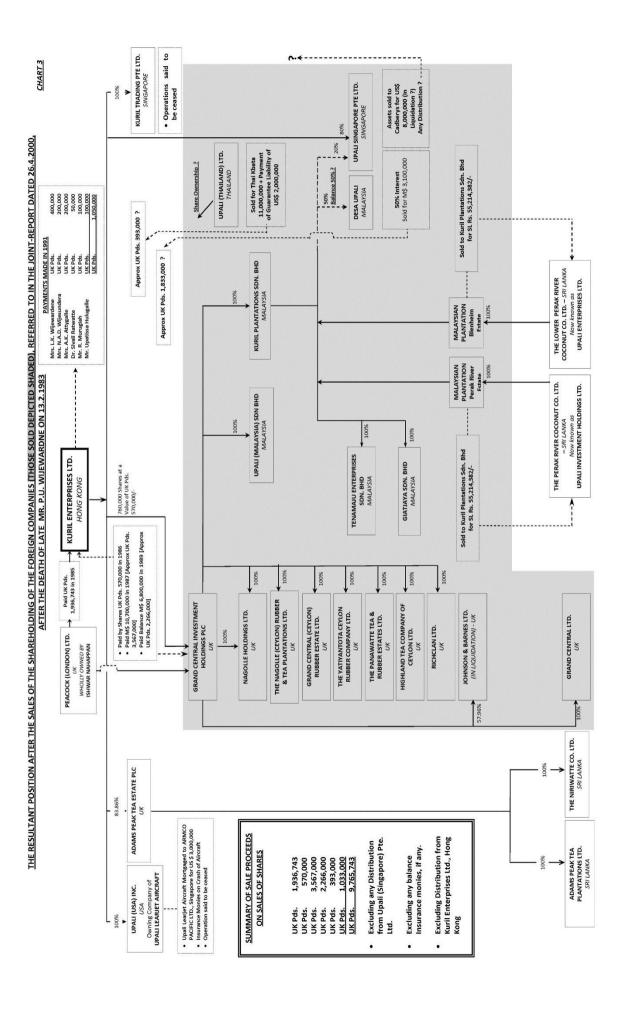
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KINGSLEY JAYALATH & CO. Chartered Accountages

in names of several Companies and finally entrusted to an Administrator in Lichtenstein, through a complexity of Companies—viz:

CHART - DEPICTING THE COPORATE STRUCTURAL RELATIONSHIPS





Whist the Controller of Exchange was conducting extensive investigations into the foreign assets of Upali Wijewardene, his father-in-law, Dr. Sivali Ratwatte had died. Thereafter, as to what the destiny of the Exchange Control inquiry had been was a secret, thereby disclosing the socio-political realities in the upper echelons of society!

As per 'Extracts' from the Book -

" UK Pounds (Approx.)

Sale of 74.37% Stockholdings of Grand Central Investment Holdings PLC, UK – (1985) 1,936,743

Sale of 100% Shareholdings of Upali (Malaysia) Sdn.Bhd., Malaysia (Realisable Shares of Grand Central Investment Holdings PLC, UK – 1986) 570,000

Sale of 100% Shareholdings of Kuril
Plantations Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia – (1987) 3,567,000

-(1990) <u>2,266,000</u> 5,833,000

Sale of (?%) Shareholdings of Upali (Thailand) Ltd. – (1985 ?) 393,000

Sale of 50% Shareholdings of Desa Upali, Malaysia – (1985?)

1,033,000 Total UK Pds. 9,765,743 "

Discovering the intriguingly revealing fact that the Directors of the foregoing offshore Companies are partners of large Legal partnerships, to get a better understanding of such corporate structures, the Author had visited Jersey Island in the Channel Islands of the United Kingdom, to study as to how leading firms of Chartered Accountants and Legal Firms get together to strategically establish such corporate structures, with the appointment of nominal Shareholders and Directors to such Companies, and consequently having a secret Trust Instrument with the 'real owner', as revealed in the study carried out in Jersey Island in the Channel Islands of the United Kingdom, establishing that similar strategies and systems are practised in several other foreign countries to hide monies of real owners of other counties.

The foregoing has become a cancerous menace in the contemporary world and has become a global issue to the developed countries, with their citizens hiding large sums of monies in such manner in other countries, thereby creating an issue in collecting the correct taxes from their citizens.

However, more importantly in poor developing countries, exercising undue political and social power, pillaging and plundering the resources of the poor people, and hiding same likewise in other developed countries, is a major problem to such poor developing countries.

Therefore both developed and developing countries in the contemporary world are making great endeavours to carry out investigations to pursue such monies, 'hidden in corporate structures' in foreign countries!

Pillaging and plundering the resources of the poor, further impoverishing them, by political leaders, powerful persons and the wealthy of several poor developing countries, and hiding such funds secretly in developed countries, results in such developed countries earning further profits by utilizing such funds stashed away in their countries, thereby disclosing the unreasonable harm and injury caused to the poor developing countries and its people.

Furthermore, the Author has demonstrated the enforcement of the law in relation to the Estates of politically powerful persons, the interpretation of the law, and the unequal treatment before the law, highlighting realities in such regard. Also the investigation into the Estates of a deceased person and the judicial process connected therewith is well brought out in this Book.